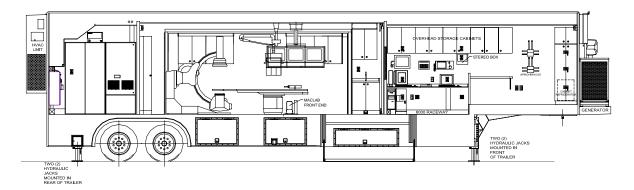


Site Planning Guide

GE INNOVA Cardiac Catheterization Laboratory 48' L x 8'-6" W x 13'-6" H USA Unit



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List of Revisions

Revision		<u>Date</u>
00	Initial Release	January-2003
01	Added Radiation Shielding Requirements	July 2003
02	Added Electrical Interference Caution	August 2003
03	Added A/C Clearance Requirement	August 2004
04	Updated Logo & Company Reference	November 2006

Notice

In accordance with our policy of product development, Oshkosh Specialty Vehicles reserves the right to make changes in the equipment, design, specifications, and materials of the product described herein. If there are any inconsistencies between this manual and the mobile unit that inhibit serviceability, please contact Oshkosh Specialty Vehicles for assistance.

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Introduction

The purpose of this document is to provide the basic information needed for site planning. For specific information not contained in this document, please contact Oshkosh Specialty Vehicles.

The mobile unit requires sufficient room to be maneuvered and positioned for setup and takedown. The mobile unit has many storage compartments and service doors that require access during these procedures as well as during operation. The expanding wall sections, patient lift, entry stair and optional platform require additional space on the passenger side of the mobile unit. Refer to the drawings provided for actual locations of doors, patient lift, and stair sizes and locations.

Warnings & Safety Alert Conventions

Three types of statements are used throughout this document to warn the operator of potential situations. Always read these statements carefully and take the appropriate safety precautions to ensure a safe environment for all personnel and all property. The statements are as follows:



This type of notice indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, could result in injury or death to the operator of the mobile unit.



This type of notice indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, could result in irreparable damage to the mobile unit.



This type of notice is meant to inform the operator of useful information.



Support Pad Requirements



If other modalities utilize the same support pad, it is recommended that non-ferrous reinforcement materials be used for pad reinforcement.



GE must approve plans for pad construction.

The following is a list of recommendations and requirements for a concrete support pad. However, due to varying site conditions, the actual pad design should be prepared by an appropriately licensed structural or architectural engineer.

Minimum Support Pad Requirements

A front pad measuring 9'-0" x 4'-0" and a rear pad measuring 9'-0" x 15'-0" located as shown on Figure 1: Pad Layout, and Figure 2: Right Side Elevation will provide the minimum requirements. All cross-hatching represents the minimum support pad.

Recommended Support Pad

A full pad measuring 9'-0" x 40'-0", located as shown on <u>Figure 1: Pad Layout</u> and <u>Figure 2: Right Side Elevation</u> as the crosshatching, is the recommended support pad.

Support Pad Depth

Recommendations for the width and length of the pad are given above. Based upon the existing site conditions, the depth should be determined by a local contractor. It is recommended that non-ferrous reinforcement materials be used for pad reinforcement.

Support Pad Levelness

The support pad must be level to ensure proper operation of the medical system. The pad must not exceed .125" deviation in 10'-0". If the minimum support pads are selected, rather then the recommended single pad, they must also meet this specification.

Recommended Service Pad

A full pad measuring 21'-0" x 55'-6", located as shown on <u>Figure 1: Pad Layout</u> and <u>Figure 2: Right Side Elevation</u> is recommended to provide a service access.

Vehicle Access

A firm, level surface is required around the mobile unit in order to provide access to the site, patient access to the mobile unit, and servicing of the mobile unit.

Recommended Attachment to the Facility

An inflatable air bag or soft seal is recommended at the point of connection from the unit to the facility. Fixed or solid connections may hinder imaging quality. Contact Oshkosh Specialty Vehicles or the local GE representative prior to construction if the proposed connection varies from the recommended.

Swing Clearance Note

Please verify the actual dimensions of the rearmost projections on the cab of your tractor to the centerline of tandem suspension or centerline of the fifth wheel plate on your tractor. Refer to **Figure 8: Turning Requirements** for proper tractor sizing information.



Air Conditioning Air Flow Clearance

The following clearances for acceptable air conditioning condenser air flow have been established between wall-mounted equipment and opposing units or surfaces for maximum capacity, lowest operating cost, satisfactory operation of ventilation packages, and longest service life

- Unit discharging against opposing (facing) unit 20 feet from coil grill to coil grill
- Unit discharging against a wall or essentially solid barrier 15 feet from coil grill to wall.

See Figure 1: Pad Layout.



Radiation Shielding Requirements

Radiation Shielding



Radiation exposure limits must be in accordance with all local, state, and federal requirements. It is the responsibility of the customer to perform a proper radiation survey in order to determine the exclusion zone.

Care should be taken when determining a site location. Factors such as shielding design, proximity to buildings, and occupancy of the surrounding areas must be considered. An exclusion zone around the mobile unit may be necessary. Refer to Figure 5: Radiation Shielding Plan View for additional information.



Customer Power Requirements





It is the operator's responsibility to verify that the shore power receptacle is of the same type and voltage as the connection that is supplied by Oshkosh Specialty Vehicles. Failure to do this can result in injury or death to the operator of the mobile unit as well as irreparable damage to the mobile unit. The standard connector for the unit is a Russellstoll DS2504MP000/DF2032 480V 200A Plug. If an existing site currently implements a different connector or connector configuration, please contact Oshkosh Specialty Vehicles in order to arrange for a compatible power connector before the unit leaves the facility.

To prevent any potential susceptibility and system perturbation, the Mobile GE Innova trailer should not be located and operated near the following:

- High voltage transformers,
- Antennas (radio, TV or telecom),
- Other system behind the hospital wall that could perturb the Mobile GE Innova (X-ray, CT, MR, etc.),
- Other system behind the hospital wall that could be perturbed by the Mobile GE Innova (nursery, emergency room, etc.),
- Any other equipment, which may perturb the Mobile GE Innova.

Lockout/Tagout

ACAUTION

A Lockout/Tagout provision in accordance with OSHA Standard 1910.147 is required. The facility shore power disconnect device must be located within 40'- 0" of the unit and must provide for an effective lockout/tagout to facilitate safe service and maintenance of the unit.

Electrical Service

480 V AC, 3 Phase, 150 Amps

Three phase wye connection with neutral and ground.

The fused main disconnect requires 150 amp dual element time delay fuses, FRS-R150 or equivalent.

Frequency

60Hz ±0.5Hz maximum

Phase Balance

The phase balance is 2% max between phases

Maximum voltage variation

The maximum voltage variation is ±5% from nominal steady state (under the worst case conditions of line voltage)

of line voltage)



Connector Type

The unit is supplied with a 50-foot cable and male connector. The connector is a Russellstoll 200 Amp plug DS2504MP000/DF2032. The facility must have the matching receptacle as specified in Figure 6: Russellstoll Service Outlet and Figure 7: Russellstoll Chart. The receptacle is a Russellstoll DF2504FRAB0 female connector.

Customer Facility

The customer facility must have the matching receptacle as specified in <u>Figure 6: Russellstoll</u> <u>Service Outlet</u> and <u>Figure 7: Russellstoll Chart</u>. Unless otherwise specified, the receptacle type to be used must be a Russellstoll female connector.

The unit is supplied with a 35' long cable and male connector for the **Fire Alarm** function. The connector is a <u>Russellstoll #SKWP8G</u>. The facility must have the matching female receptacle Russellstoll #SKWR8G and weatherproof cover.

Power Source Monitoring (Facility Only)

NOTE: Perform a power audit first.

A power analyzer should be used to check the proposed Mobile Cardiac Catheterization Lab Series facility site power for average line voltage, surges, sags, reclosures, impulses, frequency and microcuts. A period that includes two weekends should be used to simulate several days of normal use. Analysis of the data and site history of any previous power problems with other X-ray systems or computer installations should be reviewed with your power and ground representative. Verify "brown-out" (low voltage) conditions, which may occur during summer months, will not exceed the allowable range.

Some analyzer models that are suitable for power monitoring are:

- Dranetz Model 658
- Dranetz Model 656A
- BMI 3630
- RPM



Mobile Grounding Requirements

Ground Conductor

An insulated ground conductor is provided in the unit power cord equal in size to the incoming power wires. The customer shall provide an additional grounding rod at the trailer pad. A 50' # 1/0 AWG conductor is provided for the grounding rod mentioned. The conductor terminates in the main panel-grounding terminal. Both grounds protect all devices and components contained within the unit.

NOTE:

The electrical power source must meet the requirements of the national electric code and National Fire Protection Association for Emergency Backup Power as applied to cardiac catheterization labs. Please consult the applicable codes and the local authorities in your area for guidance. The following codes define the requirements of "Emergency Systems" for cardiac catheterization laboratories.

NFPA 70 Article 517-33 (a) (8) c & NFPA99 Paragraph 3-4.2.2.2 (c)

Special Grounding Note

The unit must have an earth driven ground rod within five (5) feet of the hospitable power receptacle. A grounding cable of a minimum 1/0 AWG must be connected between the grounding rod and the grounding pin of the hospital power receptacle. A separate grounding conductor must still be run with the phase conductors to the source of power from the grounding pin of the hospital power receptacle in accordance with NEC.2002 Article 250-24.

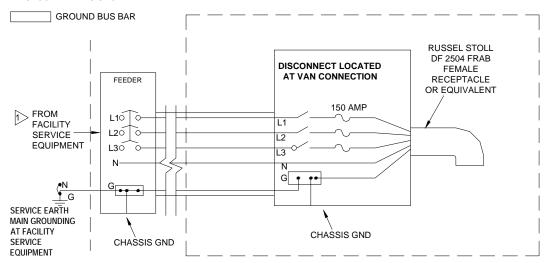


Mobile Grounding Chart

MOBILE GROUNDING REQUIREMENTS

NOTE:

- ALL WORK TO BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH NATIONAL AND LOCAL ELECTRICAL CODES INFORMATION SHOWN HERE IS ONLY A RECOMMENDATION. MUST BE VERIFIED FOR SITE NATIONAL AND LOCAL CODES.
- GROUND WIRES INSIDE ENCLOSURES TO BE TAPED GREEN FOR ENTIRE VISUAL LENGTH FOR IDENTIFICATION.
- MAIN BONDING JUMPER BETWEEN GROUNDED (NEUTRAL) CONDUCTOR AND EQUIPMENT GROUNDING CONDUCTOR TO BE PROVIDED IN FACILITY SERVICE EQUIPMENT AND DOWNSTREAM AT SEPARATELY DERIVED SYSTEM TRANSFORMER SECONDARY AS SHOWN.



GROUNDING

The ground for our system shall originate at the system power source, i.e., transformer or first access point of power into a facility, and be continuous to our system power disconnect in the room. This ground can be spliced with "High Compression Fittings" and should be terminated at each distribution panel it passes through. When it is broken for a connection to a panel, it shall be connected into an approved grounding block with the incoming and outgoing ground in this same grounding block, which is then connected to the steel panel never using the steel panel never using the steel or other material of the panel as the block

The connection at the power source shall be at the grounding point of the "Neutral-Ground" if a "Wye" transformer is used, or typical grounding points of a separately derived system. In the case of an external facility, it shall be bonded to the facility ground point at the service entrance.

GROUNDING WIRE

The ground wire shall be copper wire with a minimum of AWG 1/0 or the same size as the power feeders whichever is larger. This means that if there is a primary feeder to a distribution panel of 500 MCM with a secondary feeder to our system of AWG 1/0 wire, the ground to the distribution panel shall be 500 MCM with and AWG 1/0 to our system. The ground wire impedance from our system disconnect, including the ground rod shall not have an impedance greater than 2 ohms to earth as measured by one of the applicable techniques described in Section 4 of ANSI/IEEE Standard 142-1982.

Harry E. Rauworth Debra C. Balis April 22, 1999



Telephone, Data and Emergency Connections

Telephone Service

The unit is supplied with three telephone connections.

The connector type that is used is a model Hubbell PH-6595 (inlet), supplied by Oshkosh Specialty Vehicles.

Two Hubbell PH-6599 50 foot telephone-connecting cables are included with the unit. If a third cable is needed, the customer must purchase it.

The customer is required to purchase and install three Hubbell phone connectors, model PH-6597 (weatherproof phone outlets) for use at the site.

Data Service

An adapter to connect the medical system is required if a site plans to use existing 10Base2 (coax) Ethernet connections. The adapter will convert between a 10Base2 coaxial connector and a 100BaseT RJ-45 type connector. The mobile unit requires an RJ-45 type connector.

- The unit is supplied with three data line connections.
- The customer is required to purchase the data connection cables. The data connections
 utilize a 50'-0" CAT-5E cable with an RJ-45 connector.

Code Blue Connections

- The unit is supplied with a 35' long cable and male connector for the code blue function.
 See Figure 10: Code Blue and Fire Alarm Connections for wiring connections.
- The connector is a Russellstoll #SKWP8G.
- The facility must have the matching female receptacle Russellstoll #SKWP8G.

Fire Alarm Connections

- The unit is supplied with a 35' long cable and male connector for the fire alarm function.
 See <u>Figure 10: Code Blue and Fire Alarm Connections</u> for wiring connections.
- The connector is a Russellstoll #SKWP8G.
- The facility must have the matching female receptacle Russellstoll #SKWP8G.



Water Requirements

A fresh water connection and wastewater drainage provision are required for the catheterization laboratory.

Humidifier Water Fill

The unit contains a water storage tank for the humidifier. This tank is located in the equipment room and must always contain water to insure the specified humidity level remains constant. There are two options for filling the tank:

- A ¾" male threaded garden hose connection is located under the equipment room.
- A fill port is located in the humidifier for manual fill capability.

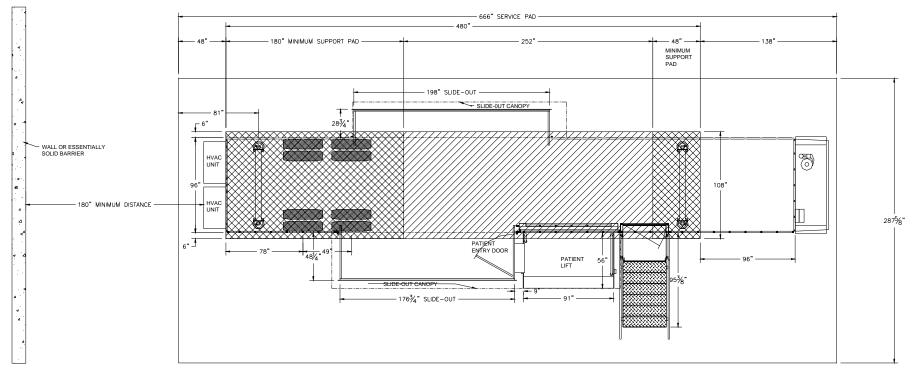
Fresh Water Supply Requirements

A cold water supply line is required, with a flow rate of 5 gallons/minute, 45-60 psi and a maximum temperature of 70°F. The unit will be supplied with a ¾" diameter, 20' long hose terminated with a ¾" I.P.S. male threaded hose connector. The facility is to provide a ¾" female connector to connect to the units 20' long hose.

Waste Water Connections

The unit is supplied with a 3/4" diameter I.P.S. male threaded hose connector to accommodate drainage. The facility must provide means of sanitary wastewater drainage from the system that comply with locally applicable codes.





NOTE: IF TWO UNITS ARE PARKED BACK TO BACK, A MINIMUM DISTANCE OF 20' MUST BE MAINTAINED FROM COIL GRILL TO COIL GRILL OF THE A/C UNITS.

Figure 1: Pad Layout



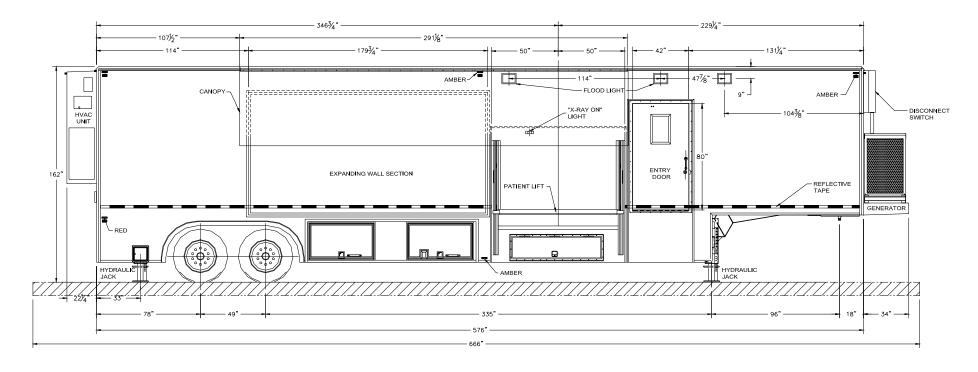


Figure 2: Right Side Elevation



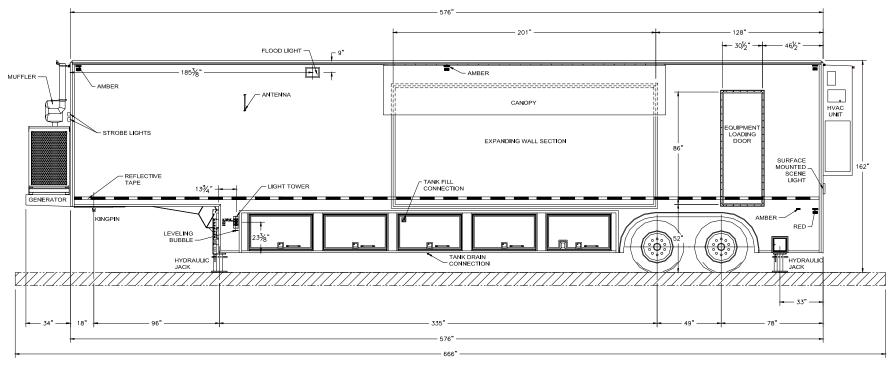


Figure 3: Left Side Elevation

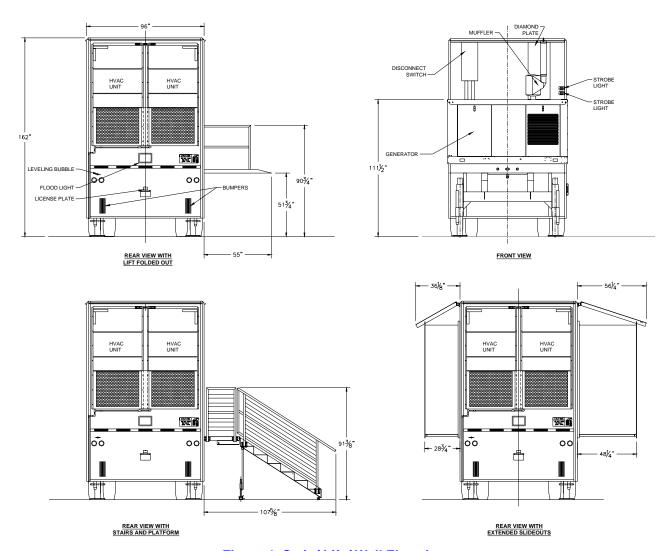
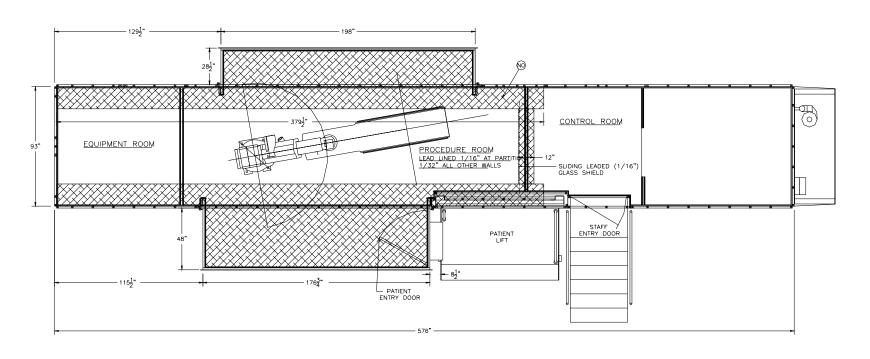


Figure 4: Stair / Lift / Wall Elevation





NOTE: PROVIDE 1" OF LEAD TO FOLD UP ON ALL EXTERIOR WALLS EXCLUDING SLIDE-OUT WALLS

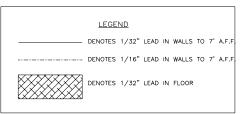


Figure 5: Radiation Shielding Plan View

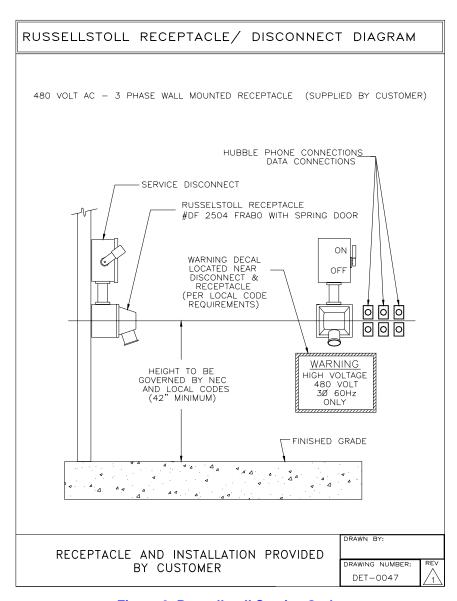


Figure 6: Russellstoll Service Outlet

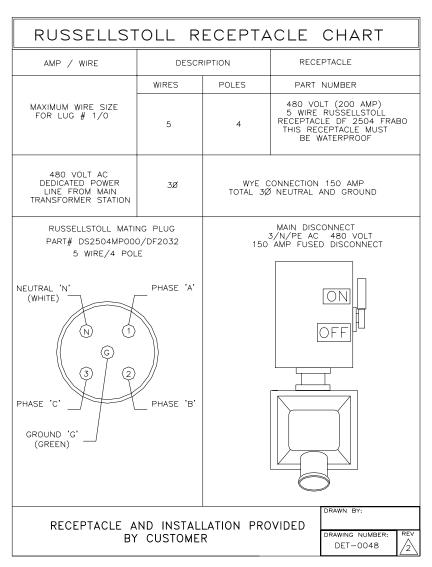


Figure 7: Russellstoll Chart

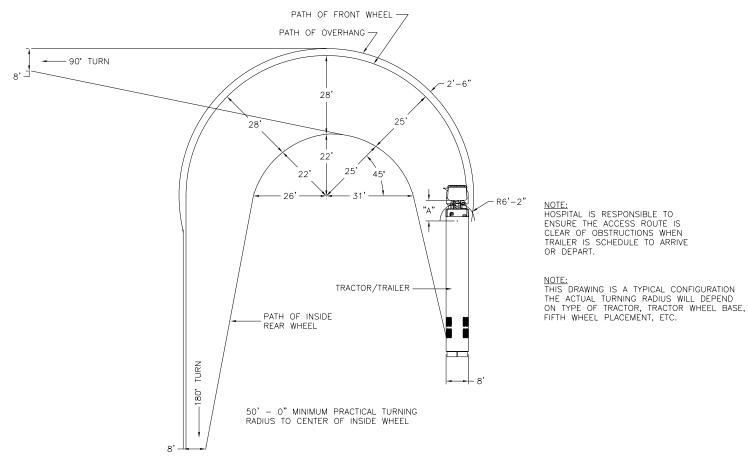


Figure 8: Turning Requirements

A minimum "A" dimension of 86" is required from rearmost projection to centerline of tandem suspension. This provides swing clearance for generator set which is mounted on the front of the trailer. Hospital is responsible to ensure the access route is clear of obstructions when the trailer is scheduled to arrive or depart. The 50' minimum outside turning radius shown here has been calculated using an international harvester (Navistar) tractor Model COF-9670 with a 161" wheelbase. Turning radius will vary with towing tractor. Customer must confirm the turning radius on their tractor and prepare each site with adequate space to accommodate it.



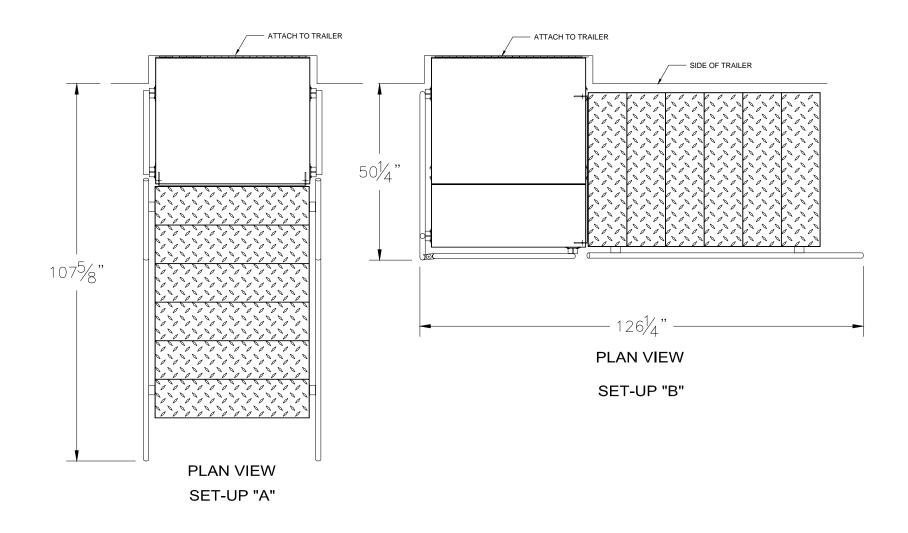


Figure 9: Variations of Stair Arrangement



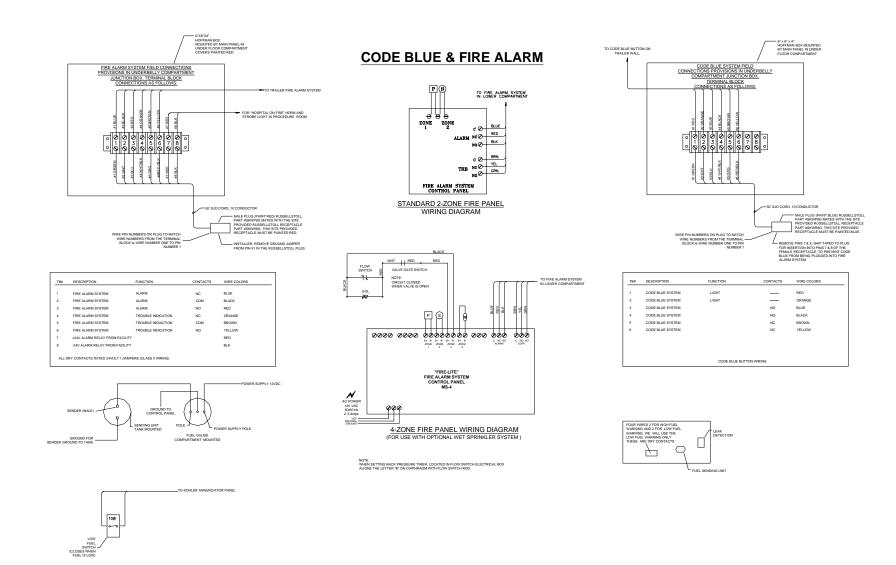


Figure 10: Code Blue and Fire Alarm Connections